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2024년 9월 고1 학평 20번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

As the parent of a gifted child, you need to be aware of a certain common parent trap. Of course you are a ① proud parent, and you should be. While it is very easy to talk nonstop about your little genius and his or her remarkable behavior, this can be very ② stressful on your child. It is extremely important to ③ expand your bragging behavior to your very close friends, or your parents. Gifted children feel ④ pressured when their parents show them off too much. This behavior creates expectations that they may not be able to live up to, and also creates a ⑤ false sense of self for your child. You want your child to be who they are, not who they seem to be as defined by their incredible achievements. If not, you could end up with a driven perfectionist child or perhaps a drop-out, or worse.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① How to Show Off Your Child
② Gifted Children Need More Praise
③ Perfectionism Is a Gift
④ Stop Bragging: Protect Your Gifted Child
⑤ Tell Everyone About Your Genius

2024년 9월 고1 학평 21번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

One valuable technique for getting out of helplessness, depression, and situations which are predominantly being run by the thought, “I can’t,” is to choose to be with other persons who have resolved the problem with which we struggle. This is one of the great powers of self-help groups. When we are in a negative state, we have given a lot of energy to negative thought forms, and the positive thought forms are weak. Those who are in a higher vibration are free of the energy from their negative thoughts and have energized positive thought forms. Merely to be in their presence is beneficial. In some self-help groups, this is called “_____.” The benefit here is on the psychic level of consciousness, and there is a transfer of positive energy and relighting of one’s own latent positive thought forms.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① staying alone at home
② avoiding all groups
③ talking about our failures
④ competing with others
⑤ hanging out with the winners

2. 요지 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 부정적인 상태에서는 혼자 있는 것이 좋다.
② 자조 모임은 효과가 없다.
③ 무력감에서 벗어나려면 같은 문제를 극복한 사람들과 함께하는 것이 도움이 된다.
④ 긍정적인 생각은 저절로 강해진다.
⑤ 승자와 경쟁하면 부정적 생각이 사라진다.

2024년 9월 고1 학평 22번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Our emotions are thought to exist because they have contributed to our ① survival as a species. Fear has helped us ② avoid dangers, expressing anger helps us scare off threats, and expressing positive emotions helps us bond with others. From an evolutionary perspective, an emotion is a kind of "program" that, when triggered, directs many of our activities (including attention, perception, memory, movement, expressions, etc.). For example, fear makes us very attentive, ③ widens our perceptual focus to threatening stimuli, will cause us either to face a situation (fight) or avoid it (flight), and may cause us to remember an experience more ④ acutely (so that we avoid the threat in the future). Regardless of the specific ways in which they activate our systems, the specific emotions we possess are thought to exist because they have helped us (as a species) survive challenges within our environment long ago. If they had not helped us ⑤ adapt and survive, they would not have evolved with us.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Emotions: Programs for Survival
② Why Fear Is Always Harmful
③ Anger Ruins Relationships
④ Emotions Have No Purpose
⑤ Memory Without Feelings

2024년 9월 고1 학평 23번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

By improving accessibility of the workplace for workers that are typically at a disadvantage in the labour market, AI can _____. AI-powered assistive devices to aid workers with visual, speech or hearing difficulties are becoming more widespread, improving the access to, and the quality of work for people with disabilities. For example, speech recognition solutions for people with dysarthric voices, or live captioning systems for deaf and hard of hearing people can facilitate communication with colleagues and access to jobs where inter-personal communication is necessary. AI can also enhance the capabilities of low-skilled workers, with potentially positive effects on their wages and career prospects. For example, AI's capacity to translate written and spoken word in real-time can improve the performance of non-native speakers in the workplace. Moreover, recent developments in AI-powered text generators can instantly improve the performance of lower-skilled individuals in domains such as writing, coding or customer service.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① replace all human workers
② improve inclusiveness in the workplace
③ reduce wages for low-skilled workers
④ make communication more difficult
⑤ limit access to jobs

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① AI Threatens Workers with Disabilities
② Why Translation Tools Fail at Work
③ Only Skilled Workers Benefit from AI
④ Customer Service Without Humans
⑤ AI for All: Making Workplaces More Inclusive

2024년 9월 고1 학평 24번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Whales are highly efficient at carbon storage. (①) When they die, each whale sequesters an average of 30 tons of carbon dioxide, taking that carbon out of the atmosphere for centuries. (②) From a climate perspective, each whale is the marine equivalent of thousands of trees. (③) Whales also help sequester carbon by fertilizing the ocean as they release nutrient-rich waste, in turn increasing phytoplankton populations, which also sequester carbon— leading some scientists to call them the "engineers of marine ecosystems." (④) In 2019, economists from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) estimated the value of the ecosystem services provided by each whale at over $2 million USD. (⑤) They called for a new global program of economic incentives to return whale populations to preindustrial whaling levels as one example of a "nature-based solution" to climate change. Calls are now being made for a global whale restoration program, to slow down climate change.

1. 문장 삽입 글의 흐름으로 보아, 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

For comparison, the average tree absorbs only 48 pounds of CO_2 a year.

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① the value of whales in fighting climate change
② why trees absorb more carbon than whales
③ the history of whaling in the IMF
④ how whales damage marine ecosystems
⑤ the cost of building new whale farms

2024년 9월 고1 학평 29번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

From an organizational viewpoint, one of the most fascinating examples of how any organization may contain many different types of culture is to recognize the functional operations of different departments within the organization. The varying departments and divisions within an organization will inevitably view any given situation from their own biased and prejudiced perspective. A department and its members will acquire "_____" which disallows them to see things as others see them. The very structure of organizations can create conflict. The choice of whether the structure is "mechanistic" or "organic" can have a profound influence on conflict management. A mechanistic structure has a vertical hierarchy with many rules, many procedures, and many levels of management involved in decision making. Organic structures are more horizontal in nature, in which decision making is less centralized and spread across the plane of the organization.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① wide perspectives
② shared goals
③ flexible thinking
④ strong leadership
⑤ tunnel vision

2. 요지 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 조직의 모든 부서는 같은 관점을 가진다.
② 조직의 부서마다 다른 관점과 구조가 갈등을 낳으며, 조직 구조는 갈등 관리에 큰 영향을 준다.
③ 기계적 구조는 의사 결정을 분산한다.
④ 조직 구조는 갈등과 무관하다.
⑤ 유기적 구조에는 규칙이 많다.

2024년 9월 고1 학평 30번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

An excellent alternative to calming traffic is removing it. (①) Some cities reserve an extensive network of lanes and streets for bikes, pedestrians, and the occasional service vehicle. (②) This motivates people to travel by bike rather than by car, making streets safer for everyone. (③) As bicycles become more popular in a city, planners can convert more automobile lanes and entire streets to accommodate more of them. (④) Delivery vehicles are frequently a target of animus, but they are actually an essential component to making cities greener. (⑤) A tightly packed delivery truck is a far more efficient transporter of goods than several hybrids carrying a few shopping bags each. Distributing food and other goods to neighborhood vendors allows them to operate smaller stores close to homes so that residents can walk, rather than drive, to get their groceries.

1. 문장 삽입 글의 흐름으로 보아, 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Nevertheless, even the most bikeable cities still require motor vehicle lanes for taxis, emergency vehicles, and delivery trucks.

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Ban All Delivery Trucks
② Fewer Cars, Smarter Deliveries: Greening City Streets
③ Hybrids Carry Goods Best
④ Bikes Make Streets Dangerous
⑤ Why Big Stores Are Greener

2024년 9월 고1 학평 31번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

You hear again and again that some of the greatest composers were misunderstood in their own day. Not everyone could understand the compositions of Beethoven, Brahms, or Stravinsky in their day. The reason for this initial lack of acceptance is unfamiliarity. The musical forms, or ideas expressed within them, were completely new. And yet, this is exactly one of the things that makes them so great. Effective composers have their own ideas. (①) Have you ever seen the classic movie Amadeus? (②) The composer Antonio Salieri is the "host" of this movie; he's depicted as one of the most famous non-great composers— he lived at the time of Mozart and was completely overshadowed by him. (③) Now, Salieri wasn't a bad composer; in fact, he was a very good one. (④) But he wasn't one of the world's great composers because his work wasn't original. (⑤)

1. 문장 삽입 글의 흐름으로 보아, 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

What he wrote sounded just like what everyone else was composing at the time.

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Salieri: The Greatest Composer of All
② Why Mozart Was Misunderstood
③ Originality: What Makes a Composer Great
④ Familiar Music Lasts Forever
⑤ Movies About Bad Composers

2024년 9월 고1 학평 32번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Every time a new medium comes along—whether it's the invention of the printed book, or TV, or SNS—and you start to use it, it's like you are putting on a new kind of goggles, with their own special colors and lenses. (①) So when you start to watch television, before you absorb the message of any particular TV show—whether it's Wheel of Fortune or The Wire—you start to see the world as being shaped like television itself. (②) That's why Marshall McLuhan said that every time a new medium comes along—a new way for humans to communicate—it has buried in it a message. (③) It is gently guiding us to see the world according to a new set of codes. (④) The way information gets to you, McLuhan argued, is more important than the information itself. (⑤) TV teaches you that the world is fast; that it's about surfaces and appearances.

1. **문장 삽입** 글의 흐름으로 보아, 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Each set of goggles you put on makes you see things differently.

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. **요지** 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 매체보다 내용이 더 중요하다.
② 텔레비전은 세상을 느리게 보게 한다.
③ 새로운 매체는 그 내용과 별개로 세상을 보는 방식을 바꾸므로, 매체 자체가 메시지이다.
④ 고글은 세상을 정확하게 보여 준다.
⑤ 책은 우리의 시각에 영향을 주지 않는다.

2024년 9월 고1 학평 33번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Concepts are vital to human survival, but we must also be careful with them because concepts open the door to essentialism. They encourage us ① seeing things that aren't present. Stuart Firestein opens his book, Ignorance, with an old proverb, "It is very difficult to find a black cat in a dark room, especially when there is no cat." This statement beautifully ② sums up the search for essences. History has many examples of scientists who ③ searched fruitlessly for an essence because they used the wrong concept to guide their hypotheses. Firestein gives the example of luminiferous ether, a mysterious substance that ④ was thought to fill the universe so that light would have a medium to move through. The ether was a black cat, writes Firestein, and physicists had been theorizing in a dark room, and then experimenting in it, looking for evidence of a cat that ⑤ did not exist.

1. 어법 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Concepts Are Always Reliable
② Searching for a Cat That Isn't There
③ The Discovery of Luminiferous Ether
④ How to Find Black Cats in the Dark
⑤ Why Physicists Never Make Mistakes

2024년 9월 고1 학평 34번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

While social media attention is potentially an instrument to achieve ends like elite celebrity, some content creators desire ordinary fame as a social end in itself. ① Not unlike reality television stars, social media celebrities are often criticized for not having skills and talents associated with traditional, elite celebrity, such as acting or singing ability. ② Reality television shows often film people in their homes for many weeks. ③ This criticism highlights the fact that digital content creators face real barriers to crossing over to the sphere of elite celebrity. ④ However, the criticism also misses the point that the phenomenon of ordinary celebrity reconstructs the meaning of fame. ⑤ The elite celebrity is symbolized by the metaphor of the star, characterized by mystery and hierarchical distance and associated with naturalized qualities of talent and class. The ordinary celebrity attracts attention through regular and frequent interactions with other ordinary people. Achieving ordinary fame as a social media celebrity is like doing well at a game, because in this sphere, fame is nothing more nor less than relatively high scores on attention scales, the metrics of subscribers, followers, Likes, or clicks built into social media applications.

1. 무관한 문장 윗글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① why social media stars have great acting skills
② the mystery of traditional film stars
③ how ordinary celebrity redefines the meaning of fame
④ how to become a reality TV star
⑤ the decline of social media apps

2024년 9월 고1 학평 35번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Why do we have the illusion that cramming for an exam is the best learning strategy? Because we are unable to differentiate between the various sections of our memory. Immediately after reading our textbook or our class notes, information is fully present in our mind. It sits in our conscious working memory, in an active form. We feel as if we know it, because it is present in our short-term storage space...but this short-term section has nothing to do with the long-term memory that we will need in order to recall the same information a few days later. After a few seconds or minutes, working memory already starts disappearing, and after a few days, the effect becomes enormous: unless you retest your knowledge, memory vanishes. To get information into long-term memory, it is essential to study the material, then _____, rather than spend all your time studying.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① cram the night before
② read the textbook again
③ rely on working memory
④ rest for several days
⑤ test yourself

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Working Memory Lasts Forever
② Cramming Fools Us: Test Yourself to Remember
③ Why Textbooks Are Useless
④ Short-Term Memory Is All You Need
⑤ Study More, Test Less

2024년 9월 고1 학평 36번

The discovery of mirror neurons has profoundly changed the way we think of a fundamental human capacity, learning by observation. (①) As children we learn a lot by observing what our parents and friends do. (②) Newborns, in the first week of life, have an inborn tendency to stick out their tongue if their parents stick out theirs. (③) You may not see the tongue stick out each time you stick yours out at your newborn, but if you do it many times, the tongue will come out more often than if you do something different. (④) Babies babble and later start to imitate the sounds their parents produce. (⑤) Later still, they play with vacuum cleaners and hammers in imitation of their parents. Our modern cultures, in which we write, speak, read, build spaceships and go to school, can work only because we are not restricted to the behavior we are born with or learn by trial and error. We can learn a lot by simply watching others.

1. 문장 삽입 글의 흐름으로 보아, 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Such imitation is not perfect.

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 요지 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 신생아는 부모를 전혀 모방하지 못한다.
② 아이들은 시행착오로만 배운다.
③ 거울 뉴런은 학습과 무관하다.
④ 현대 문화는 타고난 행동에 의존한다.
⑤ 인간은 관찰을 통한 모방 학습 덕분에 타고난 행동을 넘어 문화를 이룰 수 있다.

2024년 9월 고1 학평 37번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Have you ever been surprised to hear a recording of your own voice? You might have thought, “Is that really what my voice sounds like?” Maybe your accent is more pronounced in the recording than you realized, or your voice is higher than it seems to your own ears. This is of course quite a common experience. (①) The explanation is actually fairly simple. (②) There are two pathways through which we perceive our own voice when we speak. (③) One is the route through which we perceive most external sounds, like waves that travel from the air through the outer, middle and inner ear. (④) Vibrations are conducted through our bones and stimulate our inner ears directly. (⑤) Lower frequencies are emphasized along this pathway. That makes your voice sound deeper and richer to yourself than it may sound to other people.

1. 문장 삽입 글의 흐름으로 보아, 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

But because our vocal cords vibrate when we speak, there is a second internal path.

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Why Your Recorded Voice Sounds Strange to You
② How to Change Your Accent
③ The Outer Ear: A Perfect Microphone
④ Recording Devices Distort All Voices
⑤ Why Other People Hear Higher Voices

2024년 9월 고1 학평 38번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Biologists distinguish two kinds of similarity. “Analogous” traits are ones that have a common function but arose on different branches of the evolutionary tree and are in an important sense not “the same” organ. The wings of birds and the wings of bees are both used for flight and are similar in some ways because anything used for flight has to be built in those ways, but they arose independently in evolution and have nothing in common beyond their use in flight. “Homologous” traits, in contrast, may or may not have a common function, but they descended from _____ and hence have some common structure that indicates their being “the same” organ. The wing of a bat and the front leg of a horse have very different functions, but they are all modifications of the forelimb of the ancestor of all mammals. As a result, they share nonfunctional traits like the number of bones and the ways they are connected. To distinguish analogy from homology, biologists usually look at the overall architecture of the organs and focus on their most useless properties.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① a common function
② different branches
③ the same environment
④ similar uses in flight
⑤ a common ancestor

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Why Bees Fly Like Birds
② Bats Are Related to Bees
③ Useful Traits Reveal Ancestry
④ Analogy and Homology: Two Kinds of Similarity
⑤ The Wings of Every Animal Are the Same

2024년 9월 고1 학평 39번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Seawater contains an abundance of dissolved oxygen that all marine animals breathe to stay alive. It has long been established in physics that _____— this is one reason that cold polar seas are full of life while tropical oceans are blue, clear, and relatively poorly populated with living creatures. Thus, as global warming raises the temperature of marine waters, it is self-evident that the amount of dissolved oxygen will decrease. This is a worrisome and potentially disastrous consequence if allowed to continue to an ecosystem-threatening level. Now scientists have analyzed data indicating that the amount of dissolved oxygen in the oceans has been declining for more than a half century. The data show that the ocean oxygen level has been falling more rapidly than the corresponding rise in water temperature. Falling oxygen levels in water have the potential to impact the habitat of marine organisms worldwide and in recent years this has led to more frequent anoxic events that killed or displaced populations of fish, crabs, and many other organisms.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① warm water holds more oxygen than cold water does
② salt water holds no oxygen at all
③ cold water holds more dissolved oxygen than warm water does
④ oxygen levels never change with temperature
⑤ tropical seas are richer in oxygen

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① why polar seas are blue and clear
② how fish breathe without oxygen
③ falling ocean oxygen levels due to warming waters
④ the rising temperature of polar air
⑤ the benefits of tropical oceans

2024년 9월 고1 학평 40번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Capuchins—New World Monkeys that live in large social groups—will, in captivity, trade with people all day long, especially if food is involved. I give you this rock and you give me a treat to eat. If you put two monkeys in cages next to each other, and offer them both slices of cucumber for the rocks they already have, they will ① reluctantly eat the cucumbers. If, however, you give one monkey grapes instead—grapes being universally ② preferred to cucumbers —the monkey that is still receiving cucumbers will begin to ③ throw them back at the experimenter. Even though she is still getting "paid" the same amount for her effort of sourcing rocks, and so her particular situation has not changed, the comparison to another makes the situation ④ unfair. Furthermore, she is now willing to ⑤ abandon all gains —the cucumbers themselves—to communicate her displeasure to the experimenter.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 요지 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 원숭이는 오이를 포도보다 좋아한다.
② 카푸친 원숭이도 다른 개체와 비교해 불공정하다고 느끼면 이득을 포기하며 불만을 표현한다.
③ 원숭이는 교환에 관심이 없다.
④ 보상만 같으면 원숭이는 언제나 만족한다.
⑤ 원숭이는 혼자 있을 때 더 많이 거래한다.

2024년 9월 고1 학평 41~42번

2024년 9월 시행 · 전국연합학력평가

Higher education has grown from an elite to a mass system across the world. In Europe and the USA, increased rates of participation ① occurred in the decades after the Second World War. Between 2000 and 2014, rates of participation in higher education almost doubled from 19% to 34% across the world among the members of the population in the school-leaving age category (typically 18-23). The dramatic expansion of higher education ② has marked by a wider range of institutions of higher learning and a more diverse demographic of students. Changes from an elite system to a mass higher education system ③ are associated with political needs to build a specialised workforce for the economy. In theory, the expansion of higher education to develop a highly skilled workforce should diminish the role of examinations in the selection and control of students, ④ initiating approaches to assessment which support lifelong learning: assessment for learning and a focus on feedback for development. In reality, socio-political changes to expand higher education have set up a 'field of contradictions' for assessment in higher education. Mass higher education requires efficient approaches to assessment, such as examinations and multiple-choice quizzes, with minimalist, impersonal, or standardised feedback, often ⑤ causing students to focus more on grades than feedback. In contrast, the relatively small numbers of students in elite systems in the past allowed for closer relationships between students and their teachers, with formative feedback shaping the minds, academic skills, and even the characters of students.

1. 어법 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 내용 불일치 윗글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

① 유럽과 미국에서는 제2차 세계 대전 이후 수십 년 동안 참여율이 높아졌다.
② 고등 교육의 팽창은 더 다양한 기관과 학생층으로 특징지어졌다.
③ 2000년에서 2014년 사이 전 세계 고등 교육 참여율은 절반으로 줄었다.
④ 대중 고등 교육은 시험과 객관식 퀴즈 같은 효율적인 평가 방식을 요구한다.
⑤ 과거 엘리트 체제에서는 학생과 교사 사이가 더 가까웠다.

정답 및 해설

1-37 **1.**③ **2.**④ · 1-51 **1.**⑤ **2.**③ · 1-27 **1.**③ **2.**① · 9-12 **1.**② **2.**⑤ · 6-16 **1.**② **2.**① · 8-11 **1.**⑤ **2.**② · 7-14 **1.**④ **2.**② · 10-05 **1.**⑤ **2.**③ · 9-06 **1.**① **2.**③ · 4-07 **1.**① **2.**② · 9-17 **1.**② **2.**③ · 1-38 **1.**⑤ **2.**② · 1-39 **1.**③ **2.**⑤ · 1-05 **1.**④ **2.**① · 5-05 **1.**⑤ **2.**④ · 6-03 **1.**③ **2.**③ · 5-12 **1.**① **2.**② · 1-40 **1.**② **2.**③

1-37 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 20번

1. ③ 영재 아이는 부모가 자랑하면 압박을 느끼므로, 자랑은 가까운 사람에게만 '제한해야' 한다. ③ expand → limit.

2. ④ 부모의 지나친 자랑은 영재 아이에게 부담과 거짓 자아를 줄 수 있으니 삼가야 한다는 글이다.

1-51 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 21번

1. ⑤ 문제를 극복한 사람들과 함께 있는 것만으로 긍정적 에너지가 전해지므로, 자조 모임에서는 이를 '승자와 어울리기'라 부른다.

2. ③ '할 수 없다'는 생각에 갇혔을 때, 그 문제를 해결한 사람들 곁에 있으면 긍정적 에너지가 옮겨 온다는 것이 요지다.

1-27 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 22번

1. ③ 두려움은 위협적인 자극에 지각의 초점을 '좁힌다'. very attentive와 함께 위협에 집중하는 모습이다. ③ widens → narrows.

2. ① 감정은 주의·지각·기억 등을 조절하는 '프로그램'으로, 종의 생존을 도왔기 때문에 존재한다는 글이다.

9-12 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 23번

1. ② AI는 장애인과 저숙련 노동자의 직장 접근성과 능력을 높여 '직장의 포용성을 높일' 수 있다. ③은 글과 반대다.

2. ⑤ AI 보조 기기와 번역·텍스트 생성 도구가 장애인과 저숙련 노동자의 일의 질을 높여 포용적인 직장을 만든다는 글이다.

6-16 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 24번

1. ② For comparison으로 고래 한 마리의 탄소 격리량(30톤)과 나무를 비교하고, 이어 '고래 한 마리는 수천 그루의 나무와 같다'는 결론이 나온다.

2. ① 고래는 탄소를 격리하고 바다를 비옥하게 하는 기후 해결사이므로 고래 개체 수를 회복해야 한다는 내용이다.

8-11 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 29번

1. ⑤ 부서와 구성원은 자신의 관점으로만 상황을 보아 남이 보는 대로 보지 못하는 '터널 시야'를 갖게 된다.

2. ② 부서마다 편향된 관점을 가져 갈등이 생기며, 기계적·유기적 구조의 선택이 갈등 관리에 영향을 준다는 것이 요지다.

7-14 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 30번

1. ④ 자전거 도로를 늘린다는 내용 뒤에 Nevertheless로 그래도 차로가 필요하다고 하고, 이어 그중 배달 트럭(Delivery vehicles)에 대한 설명이 나온다.

2. ② 자전거·보행 중심 도로로 차량을 줄이되, 효율적인 배달 트럭은 도시를 더 친환경적으로 만든다는 글이다.

10-05 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 31번

1. ⑤ 살리에리가 위대한 작곡가가 아닌 이유(독창적이지 않음)를 말한 문장 뒤에, 그의 곡이 다른 이들과 똑같이 들렸다는 설명으로 글을 마무리한다.

2. ③ 위대한 작곡가들은 낯설고 새로운 생각 때문에 당대에 오해받았지만, 바로 그 독창성이 그들을 위대하게 만든다는 글이다.

9-06 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 32번

1. ① 새 매체를 고글에 비유한 문장 뒤에 '고글마다 다르게 보이게 한다'는 설명이 오고, So로 텔레비전의 예가 이어진다.

2. ③ 매클루언에 따르면 정보가 전달되는 방식이 정보 자체보다 중요하며, 새 매체는 세상을 보는 새로운 규칙을 심는다는 것이 요지다. ①은 정반대다.

4-07 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 33번

1. ① encourage + 목적어 + to부정사 구문이므로 to see가 알맞다. ① seeing → to see.

2. ② 개념은 존재하지 않는 본질을 보게 만들 수 있으며, 에테르를 찾던 물리학자들이 그 예라는 글이다.

9-17 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 34번

1. ② 글은 소셜 미디어 유명인이 명성의 의미를 바꾼다는 내용이다. ②는 리얼리티 프로그램 촬영 방식 이야기로 흐름과 무관하다.

2. ③ 소셜 미디어의 평범한 유명인은 재능 대신 일상적 상호 작용으로 주목을 얻으며, 명성을 관심 지표의 점수로 재구성한다는 내용이다.

1-38 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 35번

1. ⑤ 다시 시험해 보지 않으면 기억은 사라지므로, 장기 기억에 넣으려면 공부한 뒤 '스스로 시험해 봐야' 한다. ①은 글이 착각이라고 한 전략이다.

2. ② 벼락치기는 작업 기억 때문에 안다고 착각하게 할 뿐이며, 스스로 시험해야 장기 기억이 된다는 글이다.

1-39 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 36번

1. ③ Such imitation은 앞의 신생아가 혀를 내미는 모방을 가리키고, 뒤 문장이 매번 따라 하지는 않는다며 불완전함을 설명한다.

2. ⑤ 신생아부터 시작되는 모방, 즉 관찰 학습 덕분에 우리는 타고난 행동이나 시행착오에 갇히지 않는다는 것이 요지다.

1-05 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 37번

1. ④ One is the route(첫 번째 경로) 뒤에 a second internal path가 와야 하고, 이어지는 Vibrations are conducted through our bones가 그 내부 경로를 설명한다.

2. ① 말할 때 우리는 공기와 뼈 두 경로로 자기 목소리를 들으므로, 녹음된 목소리가 낯설게 들린다는 내용이다.

5-05 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 38번

1. ⑤ 상동 형질은 기능이 같든 다르든 '공통 조상'에서 내려와 공통 구조를 가진다. ①은 상사 형질의 특징이다.

2. ④ 기능이 같지만 따로 생긴 상사 형질과, 공통 조상에서 내려온 상동 형질을 구분하는 글이다. ③은 글과 반대로 쓸모없는 속성을 본다.

6-03 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 39번

1. ③ 찬 바닷물에 산소가 더 많이 녹아 있어 극지방 바다에 생물이 풍부하다. 그래서 수온이 오르면 용존 산소가 줄어든다. ①은 정반대다.

2. ③ 온난화로 수온이 오르며 바다의 용존 산소가 줄어 해양 생물의 서식지가 위협받는다는 내용이다.

5-12 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 40번

1. ① 둘 다 오이를 받을 때 원숭이들은 오이를 '기꺼이' 먹는다. ① reluctantly → happily.

2. ② 자기 보상은 그대로여도 옆 원숭이가 포도를 받으면 오이를 던지며 항의하므로, 원숭이도 공정성을 비교해 판단한다는 것이 요지다.

1-40 · 2024년 9월 고1 학평 41~42번

1. ② 팽창이 더 다양한 기관과 학생층으로 '특징지어진' 것이므로 수동태 has been marked가 알맞다. ② has marked → has been marked.

2. ③ 2000~2014년 참여율은 19%에서 34%로 거의 두 배가 되었다.