9-05 · 9-1 기술을 보는 눈
09 기술과 미디어 · 교재 p.210

2025학년도 수능 20번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

We almost universally accept that playing video games is at best a ① pleasant break from a student's learning and more often what prevents a student from accomplishing their goals. Games catch and ② hold attention in a way that few things can. And yet once they have our focus, they ③ rarely seem to offer anything meaningful to help students grow in their lives outside the games. While this may be true for many games, we are too easily ④ ignoring a valuable tool that could be used to enhance productivity instead of derailing it. Rather, it is desirable that we develop games that connect to the learning outcomes we want for our students. This will enable educators to take advantage of games' attention commanding capacities and allow our students to ⑤ avoid their games while learning.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Why Students Should Quit Video Games
② Game On for Learning: Turning Attention into Achievement
③ Games: A Pleasant but Useless Break
④ How to Limit Screen Time
⑤ The Dangers of Online Gaming

2025학년도 수능 21번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

The position of the architect rose during the Roman Empire, as architecture symbolically became a particularly important political statement. Cicero classed the architect with the physician and the teacher and Vitruvius spoke of "so great a profession as this." Marcus Vitruvius Pollio, a practicing architect during the rule of Augustus Caesar, recognized that architecture _____, and he listed the disciplines he felt the aspiring architect should master: literature and writing, draftsmanship, mathematics, history, philosophy, music, medicine, law, and astronomy—a curriculum that still has much to recommend it. All of this study was necessary, he argued, because architects who have aimed at acquiring manual skill without scholarship have never been able to reach a position of authority to correspond to their plans, while those who have relied only upon theories and scholarship were obviously "hunting the shadow, not the substance."

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① depends mainly on manual skill
② is a purely theoretical discipline
③ needs little formal education
④ belongs only to the rich
⑤ requires both practical and theoretical knowledge

2. 요지 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 로마 시대 비트루비우스는 건축가가 실무 기술과 폭넓은 학문적 지식을 함께 갖추어야 한다고 보았다.
② 로마 시대 건축가의 지위는 의사보다 낮았다.
③ 건축가에게는 손기술만 있으면 충분하다.
④ 이론만 공부한 건축가가 가장 큰 권위를 얻었다.
⑤ 비트루비우스의 교육 과정은 오늘날 쓸모가 없다.

2025학년도 수능 22번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

The ability to understand emotions—to have a diverse emotion vocabulary and to understand the causes and consequences of emotion—is particularly relevant in group settings. Individuals who are skilled in this domain are able to express emotions, feelings and moods accurately and thus, may facilitate clear communication between co-workers. Furthermore, they may be more likely to act in ways that accommodate their own needs as well as the needs of others (i.e. cooperate). In a group conflict situation, for example, a member with a strong ability to understand emotion will be able to express how he feels about the problem and why he feels this way. He also should be able to take the perspective of the other group members and understand why they are reacting in a certain manner. Appreciation of differences _____ and promotes constructive conflict resolution and improved group functioning.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① makes group conflict impossible
② reduces the need for cooperation
③ hides members' true feelings
④ replaces the need for rules
⑤ creates an arena for open communication

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Why Groups Should Avoid Conflict
② Hide Your Feelings at Work
③ The Hidden Cost of Cooperation
④ Understanding Emotions: A Key to Better Teamwork
⑤ Vocabulary Tests for Employees

2025학년도 수능 23번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

The arrival of the Industrial Age changed the relationship among time, labor, and capital. Factories could produce around the clock, and they could do so with greater speed and volume than ever before. A machine that runs twelve hours a day will produce more widgets than one that runs for only eight hours per day—and a machine that runs twenty-four hours per day will produce the most widgets of all. As such, at many factories, the workday is divided into eight-hour shifts, so that there will always be people on hand to keep the widget machines humming. Industrialization raised the potential value of every single work hour—the more hours you worked, the more widgets you produced, and the more money you made— and thus wages became tied to effort and production. Labor, previously guided by harvest cycles, became _____, and society started to reorganize around new principles of productivity.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① clock-oriented
② seasonal
③ less productive
④ family-centered
⑤ harvest-based

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Why Factories Should Close at Night
② Harvest Cycles in the Modern Economy
③ Machines That Never Need Workers
④ Time Is Money: How Industry Reshaped Work
⑤ The Eight-Hour Day: A Natural Rhythm

2025학년도 수능 24번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

The selfie resonates not because it is new, but because it expresses, develops, expands, and intensifies the long history of the self-portrait. The self-portrait showed to others the status of the person depicted. In this sense, what we have come to call our own "image"—the interface of the way we think we look and the way others see us—is the first and fundamental object of global visual culture. The selfie depicts the drama of our own daily performance of ourselves in tension with our inner emotions that may or may not be expressed as we wish. At each stage of the self-portrait's expansion, _____. Today's young, urban, networked majority has reworked the history of the self-portrait to make the selfie into the first visual signature of the new era.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① only the wealthy could afford portraits
② more and more people have been able to depict themselves
③ self-portraits became less popular
④ artists stopped painting faces
⑤ people learned to hide their emotions

2. 요지 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 셀피는 자화상과 무관한 전혀 새로운 표현 방식이다.
② 자화상은 개인의 내면 감정만을 드러낸다.
③ 셀피는 젊은 세대의 허영심을 보여 줄 뿐이다.
④ 셀피는 새로운 현상이 아니라 자화상의 오랜 역사를 확장하고 강화한 것이다.
⑤ 전 지구적 시각 문화는 자화상과 관련이 없다.

2025학년도 수능 29번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Think of yourself. When you decide to get up and get a drink of water, for example, you don't consciously organize or consider the host of steps involved. Imagine if we had to consider every single muscle that needed to be contracted or relaxed just to stand up and walk. It would be tiresome and very slow—as patients recovering from a brain injury affecting the motor system know. The autopilot parts of our brain do it for us automatically, freeing up our conscious mind for more important jobs. It is the older parts of our brain that support these automatic processes that allow us to move, hear, see, and use many of our social skills. More recently evolved abilities like talking, reading, and writing are far less automated. So, most of the time, what you are perceiving, feeling, or thinking is based on a very crude and fast analysis that happens _____.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① only after careful conscious review
② completely without your awareness
③ in the more recently evolved parts of the brain
④ when we deliberately organize our muscles
⑤ through repeated verbal instruction

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① why conscious control of movement is more efficient
② the role of social skills in recovering from brain injury
③ how newly evolved abilities replace older brain functions
④ automatic brain processes that free the conscious mind
⑤ the importance of practicing language skills daily

2025학년도 수능 30번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Studies in psychology have reported cases in which competitive incentives resulted in lower task effort, and their focus was on the psychological underpinnings of the reduction in motivation. For example, competition presents an inevitable conflict between the motivation to achieve one's personal goal and _____. When the maintenance of interpersonal relationships is important, with their counterparts in particular or with others generally, competitors experience an internal conflict that can harm their desire to achieve their goal and taint the good feeling brought about by winning. Exline and Lobel found that the perception of oneself as a target for upward social comparison often makes people uncomfortable. When they believe that others are making envious comparisons with them, people feel uneasiness, distress, or sorrow. Feelings of guilt, an emotion generally associated with high motivation for goal-achievement, lead to weaker motivation and performance in the pursuit of competitive goals. Consequences of this emotional state include lower task motivation in a competition and preferences for more cooperative and altruistic outcomes, such as diminishing the significance of the outcome or sharing the winner's reward.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① the desire to maintain good relationships with others
② the fear of losing one's reputation
③ the need for financial rewards
④ the pressure to follow the rules
⑤ the wish to outperform everyone

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① how rewards always increase task effort
② the benefits of envious social comparison
③ strategies for winning competitions
④ why competition can lower motivation through social and emotional conflict
⑤ the role of guilt in improving performance

2025학년도 수능 31번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Literature can be helpful in the language learning process because of the ① personal involvement it fosters in readers. Core language teaching materials must concentrate on how a language operates both as a rule-based system and as a sociosemantic system. Very often, the process of learning is essentially analytic, piecemeal, and, at the level of the personality, fairly ② superficial. Engaging imaginatively with literature enables learners to shift the focus of their attention beyond the more ③ mechanical aspects of the foreign language system. When a novel, play or short story is explored over a period of time, the result is that the reader begins to 'inhabit' the text. He or she is drawn into the book. Pinpointing what individual words or phrases may mean becomes ④ more important than pursuing the development of the story. The reader is eager to find out what happens as events unfold; he or she feels ⑤ close to certain characters and shares their emotional responses. The language becomes 'transparent'—the fiction draws the whole person into its own world.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Living Inside the Story: Literature in Language Learning
② Grammar Rules First, Stories Later
③ Why Learners Should Translate Every Word
④ The Danger of Emotional Reading
⑤ Short Stories for Beginners Only

2025학년도 수능 32번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Education, at its best, teaches more than just knowledge. It teaches critical thinking: the ability to stop and think before acting, to avoid succumbing to emotional pressures. This is not thought control. It is the very ① reverse: mental liberation. Even the most advanced intellectual will be ② imperfect at this skill. But even imperfect possession of it ③ frees a person from the burden of being 'stimulus-driven', constantly reacting to the immediate environment, the brightest colours or loudest sounds. Being driven by heuristic responses, living by instinct and emotion all the time, is a very easy way to live, in many ways: thought is ④ effortful, especially for the inexperienced. But emotions are also ⑤ refreshing, and short-term reactions may not, in the long term, be the most beneficial for health and survival. Just as we reach for burgers for the sake of convenience, storing up the arterial fat which may one day kill us, so our reliance on feelings can do us great harm.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 주장 윗글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 감정에 따라 사는 것이 건강에 가장 유익하다.
② 비판적 사고는 일종의 사고 통제이다.
③ 교육은 감정과 충동에 휘둘리지 않고 생각하는 비판적 사고를 길러 정신을 해방해야 한다.
④ 경험이 적은 사람에게는 사고보다 직관이 낫다.
⑤ 패스트푸드 섭취를 줄여야 한다.

2025학년도 수능 33번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

We are famously living in the era of the attention economy, where the largest and most ① profitable businesses in the world are those that consume my attention. The advertising industry is literally dedicated to ② capturing the conscious hours of my life and selling them to someone else. It might seem magical that so many exciting and useful software systems are available to use for ③ free, but it is now conventional wisdom that if you can't see who is paying for something that appears to be free, then the real product being sold is you. Our creative engagement with other people is mediated by AI-based recommendation systems that are designed to ④ free our attention through the process that Nick Seaver calls captology, keeping us attending to work sold by one company rather than another, replacing the ⑤ freedom of personal exploration with algorithm-generated playlists or even algorithm-generated art.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① why free software is always good for users
② the history of the advertising industry
③ how the attention economy captures and sells our attention
④ how to create art with algorithms
⑤ the benefits of personal exploration online

2025학년도 수능 34번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Centralized, formal rules can facilitate productive activity by establishing roles and practices. ① The rules of baseball don't just regulate the behavior of the players; they determine the behavior that constitutes playing the game. ② Of course, many baseball fans complain that the games have become too long and slow. ③ Rules do not prevent people from playing baseball; they create the very practice that allows people to play baseball. ④ A score of music imposes rules, but it also creates a pattern of conduct that enables people to produce music. ⑤ Legal rules that enable the formation of corporations, that enable the use of wills and trusts, that create negotiable instruments, and that establish the practice of contracting all make practices that create new opportunities for individuals. And we have legal rules that establish roles individuals play within the legal system, such as judges, trustees, partners, and guardians. True, the legal rules that establish these roles constrain the behavior of individuals who occupy them, but rules also create the roles themselves. Without them an individual would not have the opportunity to occupy the role.

1. **무관한 문장** 윗글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. **요지** 윗글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

① 형식적 규칙은 생산적인 활동을 방해한다.
② 법적 규칙은 개인의 자유를 최대한 보장해야 한다.
③ 규칙은 행동을 제약할 뿐 아니라 새로운 관행과 역할, 기회를 만들어 낸다.
④ 야구 규칙은 선수의 창의성을 억누른다.
⑤ 역할은 규칙 없이도 자연스럽게 생겨난다.

2025학년도 수능 36번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

The potential for market enforcement is greater when contracting parties have developed reputational capital that can be ① devalued when contracts are violated. Farmers and landowners develop reputations for ② honesty, fairness, producing high yields, and consistently demonstrating that they are good at what they do. In small, close-knit farming communities, reputations are well known. Over time landowners ③ indirectly monitor farmers by observing the reported output, the general quality of the soil, and any unusual or extreme behavior. Farmer and landowner reputations act as a ④ bond. In any growing season a farmer can reduce effort, overuse soil, or underreport the crop. Similarly, a landowner can undermaintain fences, ditches, and irrigation systems. Accurate assessments of farmer and landowner behavior will be made over time, and those farmers and landowners who attempt to gain at each other's expense will find that others may ⑤ agree to deal with them in the future.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Reputation as a Bond: How Trust Enforces Farm Contracts
② Why Landowners Should Distrust Farmers
③ Measuring Soil Quality Each Season
④ The End of Small Farming Communities
⑤ Written Contracts Always Work Best

2025학년도 수능 37번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Watch the birds in your backyard. If one bird startles and flies off, others will follow, not waiting around to assess whether the threat is real. They have been infected by emotional contagion. In a long-term research project that Marc did with some of his students on patterns of antipredatory scanning by western evening grosbeaks, they found that birds in a circle showed more coordination in scanning than did birds who were feeding in a line. The birds in a line, who could only see their nearest neighbor, not only were less coordinated when scanning, but also were more nervous, changing their body and head positions significantly more than grosbeaks in a circle, where it was possible for each grosbeak to see every other grosbeak. Marc wondered whether the birds in line were more fearful because _____. Emotional contagion would have been impossible for individual grosbeaks in the linear array except with their nearest neighbors.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① they had less food to eat
② they were larger than the others
③ they were closer to predators
④ they didn't know what their flockmates were doing
⑤ they were younger and less experienced

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① the best foods for backyard birds
② why birds prefer to feed in lines
③ how predators hunt birds in circles
④ the singing patterns of evening grosbeaks
⑤ how seeing flockmates affects emotional contagion and vigilance in birds

2025학년도 수능 38번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Trade secret law aims to promote ① innovation, although it accomplishes this objective in a very different manner than patent protection. Notwithstanding the advantages of obtaining a patent, many innovators ② prefer to protect their innovation through secrecy. They may believe that the cost and delay of seeking a patent are too great or that secrecy better protects their investment and increases their profit. They might also believe that the invention can best be utilized over a ③ shorter period of time than a patent would allow. Without any special legal protection for trade secrets, however, the secretive inventor risks that an employee or contractor will ④ disclose the proprietary information. Once the idea is released, it will be "free as the air" under the background norms of a free market economy. Such a predicament would lead any inventor seeking to rely upon secrecy to spend an inordinate amount of resources building high and impassable fences around their research facilities and greatly ⑤ limiting the number of people with access to the proprietary information.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① the advantages of patents over secrecy
② how employees steal company ideas
③ the history of free market economies
④ building fences around research facilities
⑤ why trade secret law is needed to protect secretive innovators

2025학년도 수능 39번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

By their very nature, the concepts of maintenance and repair are predominantly examined from a ① process-oriented perspective. The focus in related scholarly discourse often revolves around the lifespan or lifecycle of objects and technologies. In this context, maintenance and repair are considered practices that have the potential to ② prolong the existence of objects, ensuring their sustained utilization over an extended period. Krebs and Weber critically engage with anthropomorphic metaphors that imply a biography of things, appropriately highlighting that conventional understanding of the lifecycle of a technology, from its acquisition to its disposal from the household, provides an ③ complete definition. In reality, objects do not conform to a ④ linear lifecycle model; instead, they undergo breakdowns, await repairs, are stored away, or find themselves relegated to the basement, only to be rediscovered and repurposed later. Additionally, objects may enter recycling or second-hand cycles, leading to a ⑤ dynamic afterlife marked by diverse applications. As such, the life of an object exhibits a far more complicated and adaptive path than a simplistic linear progression.

1. 어휘 윗글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

① ② ③ ④ ⑤

2. 주제 윗글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

① how to repair household technology at home
② the history of recycling programs
③ the economic value of second-hand markets
④ why the life of objects is more complex than a linear lifecycle
⑤ why basements are full of useless objects

2025학년도 수능 40번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

People often assume that synthetic food ingredients are more harmful than natural ones, but this is not always the case. Typically, synthetic ingredients can be made in a _____ and have well-defined compositions and properties, allowing careful evaluation of their potential toxicity. On the other hand, natural ingredients often vary appreciably in their composition and properties depending on their origin, the time of year they were harvested, the climate they experienced throughout their lifetime, the soil quality, and how they were isolated and stored. These variations can make testing their safety extremely difficult—one is never sure about the potential toxicity of minor components that may vary from time to time. In some cases, a natural food component has been consumed for hundreds or thousands of years without causing any obvious health problems and can, therefore, be assumed to be safe. However, one must still be very careful.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① natural and traditional way
② cheap but unreliable manner
③ precisely controlled fashion
④ variety of unknown ways
⑤ short period of time

2. 제목 윗글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① Why Synthetic Foods Should Be Banned
② Ancient Diets: A Guide to Health
③ Climate and the Taste of Fruit
④ The Myth of Food Toxicity
⑤ Natural Is Not Always Safer: Testing Food Ingredients

2025학년도 수능 41~42번

2024년 11월 시행 · 대학수학능력시험

Imagine grabbing a piece of paper between your thumb and index finger. Maybe you already are, as you turn this page. We use this type of forceful, pad-to-pad precision gripping without thinking about it, and literally in a snap. Yet it was _____. Other primates exhibit some kinds of precision grips in the handling and use of objects, but not with the kind of efficient opposition that our hand anatomy allows. In a single hand, humans can easily hold and manipulate objects, even small and delicate ones, while adjusting our fingers to their shape and reorienting them with displacements of our fingertip pads. Our relatively long, powerful thumb and other anatomical attributes, including our flat nails (which nearly all primates possess), make this possible. Just picture trying—and failing—to dog-ear this page with pointy, curved claws. With a unique combination of traits, the human hand shaped our history. No question, stone tools couldn't have become a keystone of human technology and subsistence without hands that could do the job, along with a nervous system that could regulate and coordinate the necessary signals. Anybody who's ever attempted to make a spear tip or arrowhead from a rock knows that it requires strong grips, constant rotation and repositioning, and forceful, careful strikes with another hard object. And even with a fair amount of know-how, it can be a bloody business.

1. 빈칸 추론 윗글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

① a skill shared by all primates
② a habit learned only recently
③ a breakthrough in human evolution
④ a weakness of the human hand
⑤ an ability we rarely use

2. 내용 불일치 윗글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

① 인간은 한 손으로 작고 섬세한 물체도 쉽게 다룰 수 있다.
② 다른 영장류는 물건을 다룰 때 어떤 정밀한 쥐기도 하지 못한다.
③ 평평한 손톱은 거의 모든 영장류가 가지고 있다.
④ 석기 제작에는 강한 쥐기와 계속적인 회전과 재배치가 필요하다.
⑤ 석기를 만드는 일은 노하우가 있어도 다칠 수 있다.

정답 및 해설

9-05 **1.**⑤ **2.**② · 7-09 **1.**⑤ **2.**① · 3-09 **1.**⑤ **2.**④ · 7-04 **1.**① **2.**④ · 10-03 **1.**② **2.**④ · 1-02 **1.**② **2.**④ · 1-27 **1.**① **2.**④ · 3-15 **1.**④ **2.**① · 4-12 **1.**⑤ **2.**③ · 9-18 **1.**④ **2.**③ · 2-08 **1.**② **2.**③ · 8-02 **1.**⑤ **2.**① · 5-10 **1.**④ **2.**⑤ · 8-10 **1.**③ **2.**⑤ · 7-10 **1.**③ **2.**④ · 6-10 **1.**③ **2.**⑤ · 5-17 **1.**③ **2.**②

9-05 · 2025학년도 수능 20번
1. ⑤ 교육 목표와 연결된 게임을 만들면 학생들은 '게임을 즐기면서' 배울 수 있다. ⑤ avoid → enjoy.
2. ② 게임의 주의 집중력을 활용해 학습 목표와 연결된 게임을 개발해야 한다는 글이다.

7-09 · 2025학년도 수능 21번
1. ⑤ 뒤에서 문학·수학·철학·법 등 이론과 함께 손기술을 말하며, 둘 중 하나만 갖춘 건축가의 한계를 지적한다.
2. ① 건축은 실무와 이론을 모두 요구하므로 건축가는 다양한 학문을 익혀야 한다는 비트루비우스의 주장이 요지다.

3-09 · 2025학년도 수능 22번
1. ⑤ 감정을 이해하는 사람은 자신의 감정을 정확히 표현하고 다른 사람의 관점을 이해하므로, 차이에 대한 이해가 열린 소통의 장을 만든다.
2. ④ 감정을 이해하는 능력이 집단에서 명확한 소통, 협력, 건설적 갈등 해결을 돕는다는 글이다.

7-04 · 2025학년도 수능 23번
1. ① 산업화로 노동은 수확 주기 대신 시간(시계)을 기준으로 조직되었다. ⑤는 이전의 방식이다.
2. ④ 산업 시대에 공장이 쉬지 않고 돌아가면서 노동 시간의 가치가 커지고 임금이 노력·생산과 연결되며 노동이 시계 중심으로 바뀌었다는 글이다.

10-03 · 2025학년도 수능 24번
1. ② 자화상이 확장되는 단계마다 자신을 묘사할 수 있는 사람이 늘어났고, 오늘날 젊은 다수가 셀피로 그 역사를 다시 썼다. ①은 확장과 반대되는 내용이다.
2. ④ 셀피가 공감을 얻는 것은 새롭기 때문이 아니라 자화상의 긴 역사를 표현·확장·강화하기 때문이라는 것이 요지다.

1-02 · 2025학년도 수능 29번
1. ② 일어나 물을 마시는 일처럼 대부분의 동작·지각은 뇌의 '자동 조종' 부분이 의식 없이 처리한다. 따라서 우리의 지각·감정·생각은 의식하지 못하는 빠른 분석에 기초한다.
2. ④ 오래된 뇌 부위의 자동 처리 덕분에 의식이 더 중요한 일에 쓰인다는 내용이다. ①은 글과 반대다.

1-27 · 2025학년도 수능 30번
1. ① 경쟁은 개인적 목표 달성 동기와 타인과의 좋은 관계를 유지하려는 욕구 사이의 갈등을 낳는다. 다음 문장의 '대인 관계 유지'가 근거다.
2. ④ 경쟁적 유인이 관계 유지 욕구, 시기의 대상이 되는 불편함, 죄책감 등을 통해 오히려 동기를 떨어뜨린다는 내용이다.

3-15 · 2025학년도 수능 31번
1. ④ 독자가 텍스트에 '들어가 살면' 개별 단어의 뜻을 짚는 일은 이야기의 전개를 따라가는 것보다 '덜' 중요해진다. ④ more → less.
2. ① 문학은 독자를 이야기 속으로 끌어들여 언어의 기계적 측면을 넘어서게 하므로 언어 학습에 도움이 된다는 글이다.

4-12 · 2025학년도 수능 32번
1. ⑤ '감정 또한' 사람을 지치게 한다는 내용이 앞의 '생각은 힘이 든다'와 대응한다. ⑤ refreshing → exhausting.
2. ③ 최선의 교육은 비판적 사고를 가르쳐 자극에 끌려다니는 삶에서 벗어나게 한다는 주장이다. ②는 글이 '정반대'라고 부정한 내용이다.

9-18 · 2025학년도 수능 33번
1. ④ 추천 시스템은 우리의 주의를 '붙잡아 두도록' 설계되었다(captology). ④ free → trap.
2. ③ 주의 경제에서 무료 서비스의 진짜 상품은 사용자이며, 추천 시스템이 우리의 주의를 붙잡아 개인적 탐색의 자유를 대체한다는 내용이다.

2-08 · 2025학년도 수능 34번

1. ②　글은 규칙이 행동을 규제할 뿐 아니라 관행과 역할을 만들어 낸다는 내용이다. ②는 야구 경기 시간에 대한 팬들의 불만으로 흐름과 무관하다.

2. ③　야구·악보·법의 예를 들어, 규칙이 관행과 역할 자체를 만들어 개인에게 기회를 준다는 것이 요지다.

8-02 · 2025학년도 수능 36번

1. ⑤　상대를 희생시켜 이득을 보려는 사람은 앞으로 다른 사람들이 그와의 거래를 '거부한다'는 것을 알게 된다. ⑤ agree → refuse.

2. ①　작고 긴밀한 농촌 공동체에서 평판이 담보 역할을 하여, 계약 위반을 막는 시장의 강제력을 높인다는 글이다.

5-10 · 2025학년도 수능 37번

1. ④　한 줄로 먹는 새는 가장 가까운 이웃만 볼 수 있었으므로, 무리가 무엇을 하는지 몰라 더 불안해했다고 추측할 수 있다.

2. ⑤　새들 사이의 감정 전염과, 서로를 볼 수 있는 배치(원형)가 경계 행동의 협응과 불안에 미치는 영향을 다룬다.

8-10 · 2025학년도 수능 38번

1. ③　특허 기간보다 '더 오래' 발명을 활용할 수 있다고 믿어 비밀 유지를 택할 수 있다. ③ shorter → longer.

2. ⑤　비밀로 혁신을 보호하려는 사람은 법적 보호가 없으면 정보 유출 위험 때문에 막대한 비용을 써야 하므로 영업 비밀법이 필요하다는 내용이다.

7-10 · 2025학년도 수능 39번

1. ③　Krebs와 Weber는 획득에서 폐기까지의 직선적 생애 주기 이해가 '불완전한' 정의라고 비판한다. 뒤의 In reality 문장이 근거다. ③ complete → incomplete.

2. ④　사물은 직선적 생애 주기를 따르지 않고 고장·수리·보관·재발견·재활용을 거치는 복잡한 경로를 밟는다는 내용이다.

6-10 · 2025학년도 수능 40번

1. ③　합성 성분은 정밀하게 통제된 방식으로 만들어 조성과 특성이 명확하므로 독성 평가가 쉽다. 천연 성분은 그 반대다.

2. ⑤　합성 성분이 천연 성분보다 해롭다는 통념과 달리, 천연 성분은 조성이 일정하지 않아 안전성 검증이 더 어려울 수 있다는 글이다.

5-17 · 2025학년도 수능 41~42번

1. ③　엄지와 검지로 정밀하게 쥐는 능력은 다른 영장류에는 없는 효율적 대립 구조로, 도구 제작을 가능하게 한 진화의 돌파구였다. ①은 글과 반대다.

2. ②　다른 영장류도 물건을 다룰 때 '몇 가지 정밀한 쥐기'를 보이지만, 인간 손과 같은 효율적인 대립은 아니다.